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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/605,024	09/02/2003	Gregg M. Duthaler	H-357	2023
26245	7590 12/14/2004		EXAMINER	
DAVID J COLE		THOMAS, BRANDI N		
E INK CORPORATION 733 CONCORD AVE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CAMBRIDGE, MA 02138-1002			2873	

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No	Applicar	Applicant(s) DUTHALER ET AL.	
	10/605,024	DUTHAL		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	V	
	Brandi N Thoma		*	
The MAILING DATE of this commun Period for Reply	ication appears on the cove	er sheet with the correspond	dence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum st - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, how nunication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory matutory period will apply and will expire will. by statute, cause the application	wever, may a reply be timely filed inimum of thirty (30) days will be consi e SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing da to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.	idered timely. ate of this communication. § 133).	
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>15 November 2004</u> .			
2a) This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is non-fir	nal.		
3) Since this application is in condition	for allowance except for fo	ormal matters, prosecution	as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practi	ce under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> ,	1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 2	13.	
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 17-27 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-16 and 2 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 17-27 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	<u>28-32</u> is/are withdrawn fron			
Application Papers				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 September</u> Applicant may not request that any objected to the specific production of the specific production of the specific production is objected to the specific production of the specific production is objected to the specific production of the specific production is objected to the specific production is objected to the specific production of the specific production is objected to be specific production.	er 2003 is/are: a) \boxtimes accepction to the drawing(s) be held the correction is required if the correction is required.	d in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1 he drawing(s) is objected to. S	1.85(a). See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation * See the attached detailed Office action	documents have been red documents have been red of the priority documents h onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.	ceived. ceived in Application No nave been received in this l 2(a)).		
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948) PTO/SB/08) 5)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Applied Other: <u>Detailed Action</u> .		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 17-27 in the reply filed on 11/15/04 is acknowledged.
- 2. Claims 1-16 and 28-32 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected inventions, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 11/15/04.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 17-24, 26, and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Holman et al. (US 2003/0025855 A1).

Regarding claim 17, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture comprising: a layer of a solid electro-optic medium (130) having first and second surfaces on opposed sides thereof, a first adhesive layer (180) on the first surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium (130), a release sheet (190) disposed on the opposed side of the first adhesive layer

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(180) from the layer of solid electro-optic medium (130) (sections 0090, 0092, and 0093) and Hoffman et al. does not explicitly teach a second adhesive layer on the second surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium. However, Holman et al. does disclose that applying an adhesive to the backplane is possible. It is inherent to use a second layer of adhesive to secure the substrate and circuitry to the electro-optic medium (section 0087).

Regarding claim 19, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture wherein the electro-optic medium is an electrophoretic medium (130) comprising a plurality of capsules (140), each capsule comprising a suspending fluid, a plurality of electrically charged particles (150 and 160) suspended in the suspending fluid and capable of moving therethrough on application of an electric field to the suspending fluid (sections 0008 and 0092), and a capsule wall surrounding the suspending fluid and the electrically charged particles (150 and 160) (section 0009).

Regarding claim 20, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture wherein the first adhesive layer extends beyond the periphery of the layer of electro-optic medium (figure 1) except for a second adhesive layer on the second surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium. However, Holman et al. does disclose that applying an adhesive to the backplane is possible. It is inherent to use a second layer of adhesive to secure the substrate and circuitry to the electro-optic medium (section 0087).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 18, 21-24, 26, and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holman et al. (US 2003/0025855 A1).

Regarding claim 18, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture except for a second release sheet disposed on the opposed side of the second adhesive layer from the layer of solid electro-optic medium. It would have been obvious to include a second release sheet, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art (St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a second release sheet for the purpose of forming a display.

Regarding claim 21, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture comprising: a layer of a solid electro-optic medium (130) having first and second surfaces on opposed sides thereof, a first release sheet (190) covering the first surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium (130) (sections 0090, 0092, and 0093) except for a second release sheet disposed on the opposed side of the second adhesive layer from the layer of solid electro-optic medium. It would have been obvious to include a second release sheet, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art (St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bernis Co., 193 USPQ 8). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a second release sheet for the purpose of forming a display.

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Regarding claim 22, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture wherein the electro-optic medium is an electrophoretic medium (130) comprising a plurality of capsules (140), each capsule (140) comprising a suspending fluid, a plurality of electrically charged particles (150 and 160) suspended in the suspending fluid and capable of moving therethrough on electric field to the suspending application of an fluid (sections 0008 and 0092), and a capsule wall surrounding the suspending fluid and the electrically charged particles (section 0009).

Regarding claims 23 and 26, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, a process for forming an electro-optic display, the process comprising: providing an article of manufacture comprising a layer of a solid electro-optic medium (130) having first and second surfaces on opposed sides thereof, a first adhesive layer (180) on the first surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium (130), a release sheet (190) disposed on the opposed side of the first adhesive layer (180) from the layer of solid electro-optic medium (130) (sections 0090, 0092, and 0093), removing the release sheet and from the front subassembly (section 0093), laminating the front subassembly via the first adhesive layer (180) to a backplane comprising at least one electrode (120), thereby forming the electro-optic display (sections 0087 and 0093) except for a second adhesive layer on the second surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium and laminating the article to a front substrate via the second adhesive layer, thereby forming a front subassembly. However, Holman et al. does disclose that applying an adhesive to the backplane is possible. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a second layer of adhesive securing the substrate and circuitry to the electro-optic medium (section 0087). Regarding claim 26, Holman et al. discloses the claimed invention

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except for a second release sheet disposed on the opposed side of the second adhesive layer from the layer of solid electro-optic medium. It would have been obvious to include a second release sheet, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art (St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a second release sheet for the purpose of forming a display.

Regarding claim 24, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, a process for forming an electrooptic display, wherein the front substrate (110) comprises an electrode (120) (section 0090).

Regarding claim 27, Holman et al. discloses, in figure 1, an article of manufacture wherein the first adhesive layer extends beyond the periphery of the layer of electro-optic medium (figure 1) except for a second adhesive layer on the second surface of the layer of solid electro-optic medium. However, Holman et al. does disclose that applying an adhesive to the backplane is possible. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a second layer of adhesive securing the substrate and circuitry to the electro-optic medium (section 0087).

5. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holman et al. (US 2003/0025855 A1) as applied to claim 23 above, and further in view of Kazlas et al. (US 2004/0014265A1).

Regarding claim 25, Holman et al. discloses the claimed invention except for a color filter array. Kazlas et al. shows that it is known to provide a color filter array for providing color to the display (sections 0077 and 0080). Therefore it would have been obvious to someone of

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ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Holman et

al. with the color filter of Kazlas et al. for the purpose of providing color to the display (sections

0077 and 0080).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Brandi N Thomas whose telephone number is 571-272-2341.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Georgia Epps can be reached on 571-272-2328. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BNT

December 13, 2004

PRIMARY EXAMINER